



# Purpose of this session

#### **Purpose**

- Provide an update on the IASB's discussion on the next steps of the project.
- Seek advice from ASAF members on the next steps of the project.

#### **Questions for ASAF members**

Slide 15 includes questions for ASAF members.

# Agenda

Plan for redeliberations

IASB's tentative decisions to date

Appendix—Summary of the model and feedback received

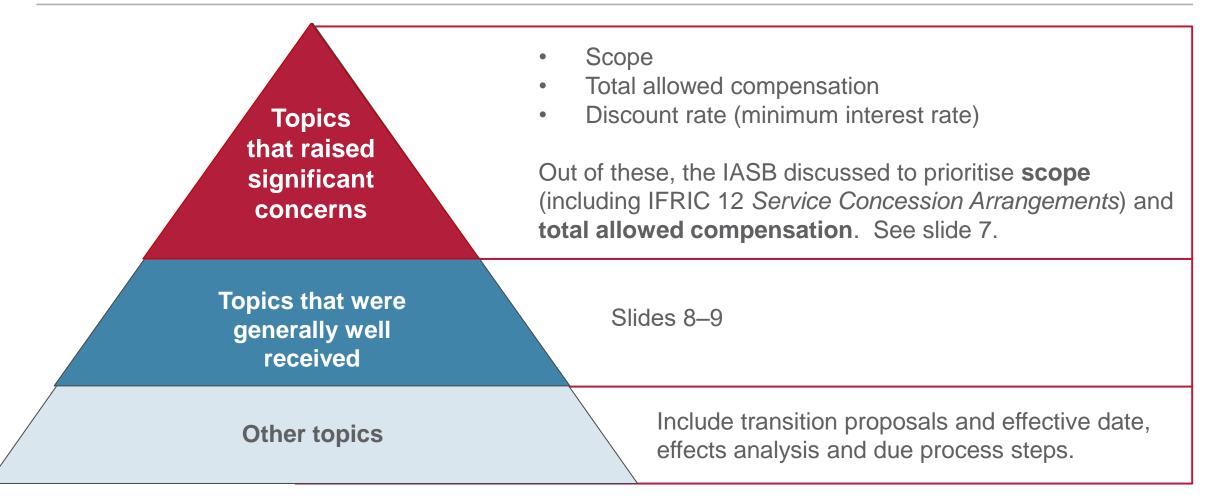




### Plan for redeliberations

- ➤ The IASB discussed plans for redeliberating the Exposure Draft proposals at its meeting in December 2021.<sup>(1)</sup>
- > Slide 6—Based on feedback received, the following workstreams were identified:
  - Topics that respondents raised significant concerns about;
  - Topics that were generally well received; and
  - Other topics.
- In addition, the IASB also discussed using the Consultative Group for Rate Regulation during the redeliberations of the following aspects of the model: total allowed compensation, scope, discount rate and disclosure. The Consultative Group has met on 4 March 2022 to explore possible courses of action the IASB may consider in responding to feedback and redeliberating its proposal on regulatory returns on construction work-in-progress.

# Prioritising feedback received<sup>2</sup>



# Topics that raised significant concerns

#### **Total allowed compensation**

- Explore whether and, if so, how to:
  - address concerns about proposed accounting for returns on construction work in progress.
  - amend the guidance on total allowed compensation for allowance-based regulatory schemes.
  - amend the accounting for regulatory assets and regulatory liabilities arising from differences between the regulatory recovery pace and the asset's useful lives.

#### Scope

- ❖ Assess the interaction of the proposed model with IFRS 9 *Financial Instruments* and IFRS 17 *Insurance Contracts*.
- ❖ Develop illustrative examples on how to account for regulatory assets and regulatory liabilities in service concession arrangements in the scope of IFRIC 12 Service Concession Arrangements.
- Consider feedback received on the definitions of 'regulatory agreement' and 'regulated rate' and develop a definition for 'regulator'.

#### **Discount rate**

- \* Explore whether and, if so, how to amend the proposals on minimum interest rate.
- Explore whether to provide exemption from discounting.



# Topics that were generally well received

# Recognition, unit of account and derecognition

- Explore whether any changes are needed on the facts and circumstances to consider when assessing the existence of enforceable rights and enforceable obligations.
- Assess the need for a higher threshold for recognition in some circumstances.
- Explore whether to provide guidance on derecognition of regulatory assets and regulatory liabilities.

# Measurement (estimating future cash flows)

- Consider clarifications relating to the boundary of the regulatory agreement.
- Consider whether the chosen method for estimating uncertain cash flows should be applied consistently from initial recognition to recovery of a regulatory asset or fulfilment of a regulatory liability.

# Items affecting regulated rates only when cash is paid or received

- Consider how income and expenses are treated as allowable or chargeable using a criterion other than cash basis.
- Consider whether presentation proposed in paragraph 69 of the ED should be extended to items using a criterion other than cash basis.

# Interaction with other Standards, including amendments to other Standards

 Address concerns and provide recommendations related on the interaction with other IFRS Accounting Standards.

#### **Presentation**

 Consider whether to permit entities to classify all regulatory income minus all regulatory expense as revenue.

#### **Disclosure**

- Consider whether to develop a broader overall disclosure objective.
- Address concerns about appropriate level of aggregation and disaggregation of the information to be disclosed and on some proposed disclosure requirements.





# Redeliberation of topics within scope

Items	February 2022 <sup>3</sup>
Overview of topics for the IASB's redeliberations on the scope	Agenda Paper 9A
<ul> <li>Specific aspects of the scope proposals dealing with the conditions for a regulatory asset or regulatory liability to exist</li> <li>Determining whether a regulatory agreement with particular features is in the scope</li> </ul>	Agenda Paper 9B
Role of the regulator	Agenda Paper 9C

#### **Next topics**

- Interaction with IFRS 9 and IFRS 17.
- Application questions about the definition of 'regulatory agreement' and the term 'customers'.
- Boundary between financial instruments and regulatory assets and regulatory liabilities.
- Interaction with IFRIC 12.
- Enforceability of rights and obligations to adjust future regulated rates—to be discussed when redeliberating recognition and measurement.



# IASB's tentative decisions to date

#### Scope—February 2022

Agenda Paper 9B February 2022

Determining whether a regulatory agreement is within the scope of the proposals

#### The IASB tentatively decided:

- to require an entity to apply the Standard to all its regulatory assets and regulatory liabilities.
- that the Standard will apply to all regulatory agreements and not only to those that have a particular legal form.
- to confirm the conditions necessary for a regulatory asset or a regulatory liability to exist.
- to not explicitly specify in the Standard which regulatory schemes would be within or outside its scope.
- to clarify in the Standard that a regulatory agreement:
  - may include enforceable rights and enforceable obligations to adjust the regulated rate beyond the current regulatory period.
  - that creates either regulatory assets or regulatory liabilities, but not both, is within its scope.
  - that causes differences in timing when a specified regulatory threshold is met creates regulatory assets or regulatory liabilities.
  - is not required to determine a regulated rate using an entity's specific costs for the regulatory agreement to create regulatory assets or regulatory liabilities.

### IASB's tentative decisions to date

#### Scope—February 2022

Agenda Paper 9C February 2022

Definition of a regulator

#### The IASB tentatively decided to:

- include the existence of a regulator as part of the conditions necessary for a regulatory asset or a regulatory liability to exist.
- define a regulator as 'a body that is empowered by law or regulation to determine the regulated rate or a range of regulated rates'.
- include guidance to clarify that:
  - o self-regulation is outside the scope of the Standard.
  - a situation in which an entity or its related party determines the rates, but does so in accordance with a framework that is overseen by a body empowered by law or regulation, is not selfregulation for the purposes of the Standard.





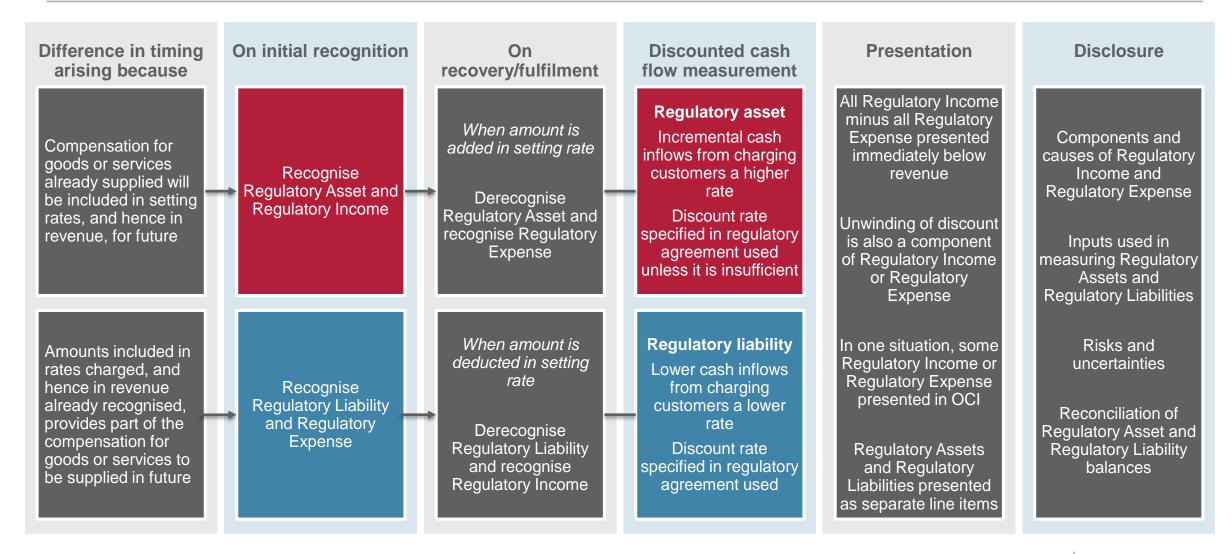
## **Questions for ASAF members**

- Do ASAF members have any questions or comments about the IASB's proposed approach to redeliberations?
- Do ASAF members agree the IASB should prioritise the redeliberation of proposals relating to scope and total allowed compensation?
- Given the IASB's discussions on the scope so far, do ASAF members have any suggestions in approaching next IASB discussions for this topic?





# Summary of the model



# Summary of feedback<sup>4</sup>

#### Aspects of the model that were generally well received

- Objective of the Exposure Draft.
- Proposed definitions of regulatory assets and regulatory liabilities.
- Recognition threshold of 'more likely than not'.
- Use of cash-flow-based measurement technique and the regulatory interest rate as the discount rate.
- Proposed presentation requirements.
- The focus on providing information on differences in timing on an entity's financial performance and financial position.

# Summary of feedback (Contd.)

#### Scope

- Scope may be broader than intended because of lack of clarity about:
  - agreements or activities in the scope;
  - interaction with IFRS 15, IFRS 9, IFRS 17 and IFRIC 12; and
  - whether the existence of a regulator is required.
- Respondents were uncertain about the interaction with IFRIC 12.

#### **Total allowed compensation**

- Concerns about reflecting returns on assets not yet available for use during the operating period:
  - does not reflect the economic substance;
  - costly to implement; and
  - inconsistent with US GAAP.
- Similar concerns were raised on the accounting for regulatory assets/regulatory liabilities arising from differences between regulatory recovery pace and assets' useful lives.

#### **Discount rate**

- Concerns about:
  - the costs to implement the proposal would outweigh any benefits; and
  - the asymmetric treatment of regulatory assets and regulatory liabilities.

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