PRIMARY FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

TARGETED OUTREACH ACTIVITIES

Corporates





DISCLAIMER

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KEY CHANGES IN TERMS OF PRESENTATION

- Definition of financing activities: the IASB tentatively decided to change its approach for classifying income and expenses within the financing category and aspects of the proposals for entities with specified main business activities
- Share of results of associates and joint ventures
 - Dropped the proposal to distinguish integral and non-integral associates and joints ventures
 - Dropped the proposal to require the presentation of the subtotal 'operating profit and share of profit or loss of integral associates and joint ventures and the related category 'Integral associates and joint ventures'
 - The share of results of associates and joint ventures accounted for under the equity method would be required to be presented in the investing category, even if an entity invests as part of its main business activities

KEY CHANGES IN TERMS OF PRESENTATION

- Cash and cash equivalents: Income and expenses from assets that generate a return individually and largely independently of other resources held by an entity are classified in the investing category, including cash and cash equivalents.
- Still, the classification of income and expense from cash and cash equivalents would depend on an entity's main business activities. For example, for entities that invest in financial assets as a main business activity, the income and expenses from cash and cash equivalents would be classified in the operating category
- Derivatives and hedging instruments: income and expenses on derivatives are classified in the
 operating category, rather than in the investing category, under certain conditions such as the exceptions
 related to when it would involve grossing up gains and losses and when it would involve undue cost or
 effort

CORPORATES

Statement of financial performance - 2019 Exposure Draft

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Revenue	Х
Changes in inventories of finished goods and WIP	Х
Raw materials and consumables used	Х
Employee benefits expense	Х
Depreciation and amortisation expenses	Х
Restructuring costs	Х
Operating profit	X
Share of results of integral associates and joint ventures	Х
Operating profit and share of profit or loss of integral associates and JVs.	X
Income and expenses from investments	Х
Incremental expenses from investments	Х
Income and expenses on derivatives and hedging instruments (specific cases)	Х
Share of results of non-integral associates and joint ventures	Х
Profit before financing and income tax	X
Income and expenses from cash and cash equivalents	Х
Income and expenses from financing activities	Х
. Interest expenses from debt issued or lease liabilites	
. Debt extinguisment and debt restructuring expenses	Х
. Dividends on issued shares classified as liabilities	Х
Income and expenses not from financing activities	Х
. Net interest expense/income on a net defined benefit liability/asset	Х
. Unwinding of the discount on a decommissioning, restoration or similar liability	Х
Profit before tax	X
Income tax expense	Х
Profit for the year from continuing operations	X
Loss from discontinued operations	Х
Profit for the year	X







Statement of financial performance - Redeliberations

Revenue	Х
Changes in inventories of finished goods and WIP	Х
Raw materials and consumables used	Χ
Employee benefits expense	Х
Depreciation and amortisation expenses	Х
Income and expenses on derivatives and hedging instruments (specific cases)	Χ
Restructuring costs	Χ
Operating profit	X
Share of results of associates and joint ventures	X
Income and expenses from investments, including cash and cash equivalents	X
Incremental expenses from invesments	X
Profit before financing and income tax	X
Income and expenses from liabilities that arise from transactions that involve	
only the raising of finance	Х
. Interest expenses from debt issued	Х
. Debt extinguisment and debt restructuring expenses	Х
. Dividends on issued shares classified as liabilities	Х
Specified income and expenses on other liabilities	
. Interest expenses on lease liabilities	X
. Interest expenses and effect of changes in interest rates (in general)	Х
. Net interest expense/income on a net defined benefit liability/asset	Х
. Interest expenses to suppliers with extended payment period (goods&services)	Х
. Unwinding of the discount on a decommissioning, restoration or similar liability	Х
Income and expenses on derivatives and hedging instruments (specific cases)	Х
Profit before tax	X
Income tax expense	Х
Profit for the year from continuing operations	Х
Loss from discontinued operations	Х
Profit for the year	X

*The EFRAG Secretariat has included a high level of disaggregation just to illustrate the classification of some items. However, the materiality principle and the role of disclosures have to be considered (i.e. disaggregation may appear in the disclosures)

KEY CHANGES IN TERMS DISCLOSURES

- Management performance measures the IASB tentatively decided to:
 - Add a rebuttable presumption that a subtotal of income and expenses included in public communications outside financial statements represents management's view of an aspect of the entity's financial performance applying the definition and
 - Simplify the method of calculating the tax effect for reconciling items
- Disclosure of operating expenses by nature see the following slide
- **Unusual income and expenses** The IASB tentatively decided that it will not proceed with any specific requirements for unusual income and expenses as part of this project

DISCLOSURES OF OPERATING EXPENSES BY NATURE

DISCLOSURE OF OPERATING EXPENSES BY NATURE

Depreciation

Cost of sales

Selling expenses

General and administrative expenses

Research and development expenses

Amortisation

Selling expenses

Employee benefits

Cost of sales

Selling expenses

General and administrative expenses

Research and development expenses

The ED proposed requiring an entity that provides an analysis of its operating expenses using the function of expense method in the statement of profit or loss to disclose in a single note an analysis of total operating expenses using the nature of expense method

The feedback received was mixed and the proposed approach was seen as being costly to apply. To achieve a more balanced outcome between costs for preparers and benefits for users, the IASB tentatively decided:

- to require an entity to disclose the amounts of depreciation, amortisation and employee benefits included in each line item in the statement of profit or loss; and
- to explore a general requirement that would require an entity to disclose, for all operating expenses disclosed in the notes, the amounts included in each line item in the statement of profit or loss



ADDITIONAL QUESTIONS ON FINANCING CATEGORY

HYBRID CONTRACTS WITH HOST LIABILITIES AND EMBEDDED DERIVATIVES

- The IASB tentatively to require an entity to classify income and expenses related to:
 - separated host liabilities to be classified in the same way as income and expenses on other liabilities;
 - separated embedded derivatives to be classified in the same way as income and expenses on standalone derivatives;
 - contracts that are not separated to be classified in the same way as income and expenses on other liabilities
- The IASB tentatively decided to develop disclosure requirements for situations in which an entity designates an entire hybrid contract as at fair value through profit or loss with the objective giving users information about when the use of the fair value option changes the classification of income and expenses
- For liabilities that arise from transactions that do not involve only the raising of finance; that are hybrid
 contracts in the scope of IFRS 9 measured at amortised cost; and include an embedded derivative (the
 economic characteristics risks of which are closely related to the economic characteristics and risks of the
 host contract), the IASB decided to explore an approach that would classify all income and expenses in
 the financing category of the statement of profit or loss

ADDITIONAL QUESTIONS ON FINANCING CATEGORY

EXAMPLE OF HYBRID CONTRACTS WITH HOST LIABILITIES AND EMBEDDED DERIVATIVES

- Loan with repayments linked to a commodity price an entity is exposed to risk relating to a
 commodity price through its operating activities and uses a derivative embedded in the loan to manage
 that risk. Applying the IASB's tentative decision,
 - the loan would be treated as a liability that is solely financing with all income and expenses classified in the financing activity;
 - the gains and losses on the separated derivative used for risk management would be classified in the operating category

QUESTIONS

- Are the IASB's tentative decisions on hybrid contracts with host liabilities and embedded derivatives clear and easy to apply?
- Do participants identify any potential implementation and application concerns?

ADDITIONAL QUESTION ON DERIVATIVES

CLASSIFICATION OF DERIVATIVES: DEFAULT CATEGORY

		Gains or losses on:		
		Derivatives	Non-derivative financial instruments	
Used for risk	Hedging	Classify in the category affected by the risk the entity manages,		
management	instruments	except when it would involve grossing up gains or losses—then		
		classify in the investing category.		
	Not	Apply the classification requirements	Apply requirements	
	designated in	for hedging instruments except if such	for classification in	
	hedging	classification would involve undue cost	paragraphs 45–55 of	
	relationships	or effort—then classify in the investing	the Exposure Draft.	
		category.	-	
Not used for risk		Classify in the investing category,	Not relevant for this	
management		except when used in the course of a	paper	
		main business activity—then classify in		
		the operating category.		

Gains or losses Underlined text is a change from propos		
Derivatives	Non-derivative financial instruments	
Classify in the category affected by the except when it would involve grossing classify in the operating	up gains or losses—ther	
Classify as above except if such classification involves undue cost or effort—then classify in the <u>operating</u> category	Apply requirements for classification in paragraphs 45–55 of the Exposure Draft.	
Classify in the operating category, unless the derivative relates to financing activities and is not used in the course of the entity's main business activities. In this case, classify in the financing category.	Not applicable to this paper	

QUESTION

• Do participants identify any potential implementation and application concerns the classification of fair value gains or losses on derivatives and hedging instruments?

ADDITIONAL QUESTIONS ON SUBSIDIARIES, ASSOCIATES AND JVs

PRESENTATION OF INCOME AND EXPENSES FROM SUBSIDIARIES, ASSOCIATES AND JVs

Consolidated Financial Statements

- The income and expenses from associates and joint ventures not accounted for using the equity method
 would be presented in the investing category unless investing is a main business activity of the entity. If
 investing is a main business activity of the entity, then such income and expenses are presented in the
 operating category (already in the ED).
- The share of results of associates and joint ventures accounted for under the equity method would be required to be presented in the investing category, even if an entity invests as part of its main business activities (IASB tentative decision).

Separate Financial Statements

- the share of profit or loss of all equity accounted investments would be classified in the investing category
- the income and expenses of equity investments not accounted for using the equity method (i.e. cost or in accordance with IFRS 9) would be presented in the investing category unless investing is a main business activity of the entity

ADDITIONAL QUESTIONS ON SUBSIDIARIES, ASSOCIATES AND JVs

QUESTIONS

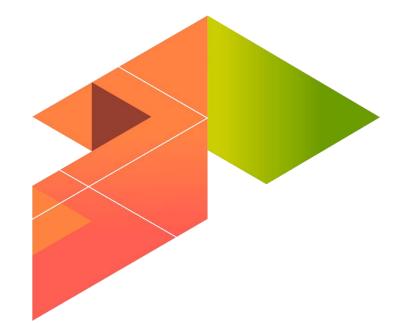
- Consolidated financial Statements: Do you think that the proposed requirement to include all equity accounted investments in the investing category will result in useful information for users?
- **Separate financial statements:** Do you think that the proposed requirements for the presentation of subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures will result in useful information for users?



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THANK YOU



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